Writing Year 4 and Year 5		
Descriptive writing: Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary Identify audience for, and purpose of, the writing Select the appropriate form and use other similar writing as models for their own Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar Plan their writing by discussing and recording ideas Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements Writing is clear in purpose Use a varied and rich vocabulary	Instruction writing: How to make delicious ice cream Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader e.g. headings, bullet points, underlining Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary Identify audience for, and purpose of, the writing Select the appropriate form and use other similar writing as models for their own Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely Use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Non-narrative material uses simple organisational devices Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar Plan their writing by discussing and recording ideas Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements Writing is clear in purpose	Use further organisational and presentational dev underlining Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading Identify audience for, and purpose of, the writing Select the appropriate form and use other similar Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punct Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated Use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate paren Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, wh Non-narrative material uses simple organisational Discuss writing similar to that which they are plan and grammar Plan their writing by discussing and recording idea Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of Writing is clear in purpose
Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases e.g. the strict maths teacher with curly hair	Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause for cohesion Compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue) Use an increasing range of sentence length and structure Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases e.g. the strict maths teacher with curly hair	Writing is clear in purpose Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to exp Compose and rehearse sentences orally (including of Use an increasing range of sentence length and str Extend the range of sentences with more than one although Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifyin curly hair

Mathematics Year 4 and Year 5		
Place Value	Addition and subtraction	Multiplication and division
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a	- Add and subtract numbers up to 4 digits	-Recall 2/3/4/5/6/8 multiplication and
four-digit number	-Solve addition and subtraction problems in contexts, deciding which operations	division facts for multiplication tables (all tables year 5).
-Count in multiples of 25 and 1000	and methods to	-solve problems involving multiplying and adding using the distributive law to multiply
-Find 1000 more or less than a given number	use and why in the context of statistics	two digit numbers by one digit and integer scaling problems
-Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different	- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in	-Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and
representations	bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. estimate and use inverse	common factors of two numbers.
- Round any number to the nearest 10, 100	operations to check answers to a calculation.	-Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers
solve number and practical problems	- Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a	-Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
-Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C)	problem, levels of accuracy	-Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100
<ul> <li>Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and</li> </ul>	-Statistics: complete, read and interpret information in tables, including	-Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
determine the value of each digit	timetables.	-Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division including
-Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000,	-Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which	using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
10,000 and 100,000 § solve number problems and practical problems	operations and methods to use and why.	
- Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in	-Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using	
Roman numerals.	information presented in a line graph	

<b>Persuasive writing and pitches</b> evices to structure text and to guide the reader e.g. headings, bullet points,
g and research where necessary ng
ar writing as models for their own s of their own and others' writing ictuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning
ed information concisely enthesis
vhere, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun al devices
anning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary
eas
s of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements
xpress time and cause for cohesion
g dialogue)
structure
ne clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because,

ifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases e.g. the strict maths teacher with

Fractions -Recognise and show fractions, using diagrams -Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 -Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number